

An Overview of NEAMS

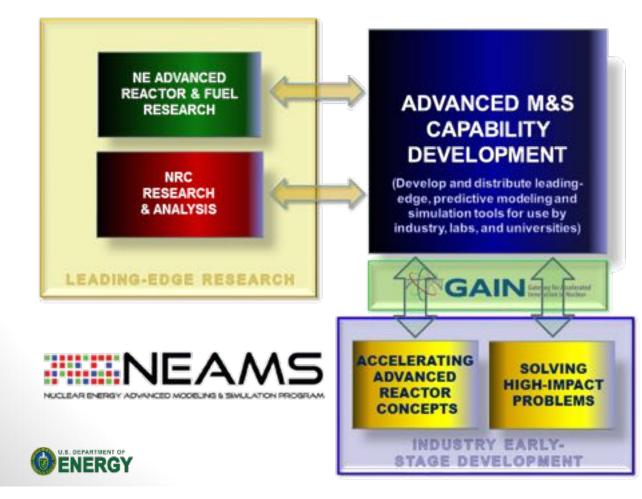
Prepared for NEAMS Workbench Collaborators

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Nuclear Energy Advanced Modeling and Simulation (NEAMS)

The NEAMS Mission: provide leading-edge computational tools, currently not available to industry, for accelerating early-stage development of advanced reactor concepts and promoting innovative solutions to important nuclear industry problems; these advanced M&S capabilities will –



- Enable transformative scientific discovery and insights otherwise not attainable or affordable
- Solve problems identified as significant by industry, and consequently expand validation, application, and long-term utility of these advanced tools
- Enhance opportunity for industry to commercialize advanced concepts
- Allow industry to implement innovations that improve the economics of both existing and future nuclear power plants

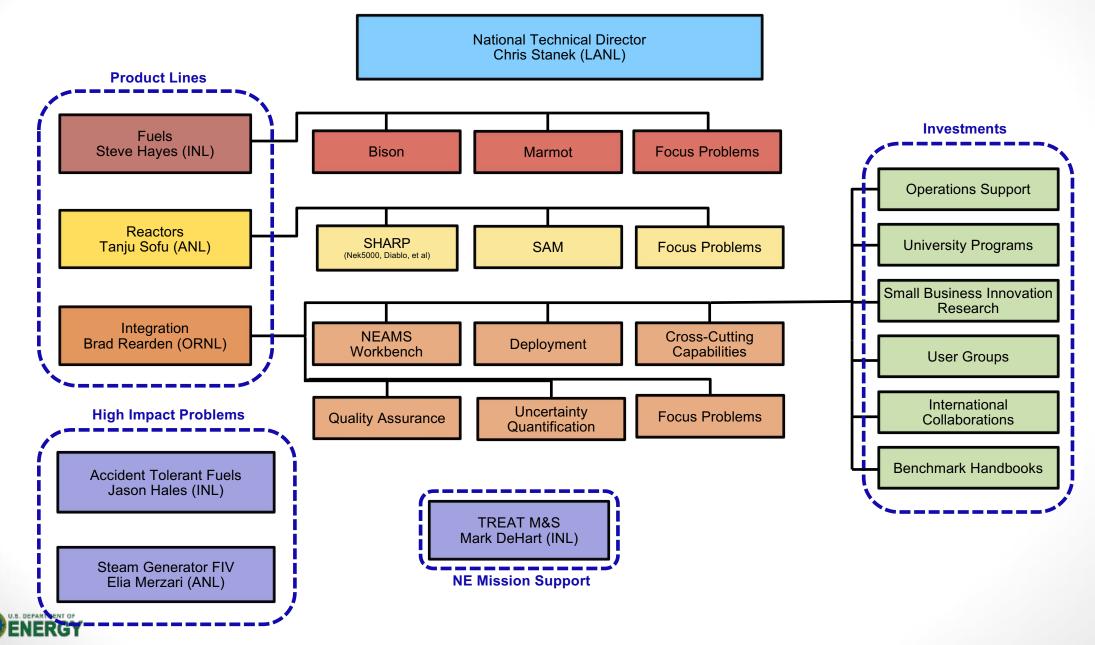
NEAMS Organizational Structure



Develop, apply, deploy, and support a predictive modeling and simulation toolkit for the design and analysis of current and future nuclear energy systems using computing architectures from laptops to leadership class facilities.



NEAMS Mission Areas

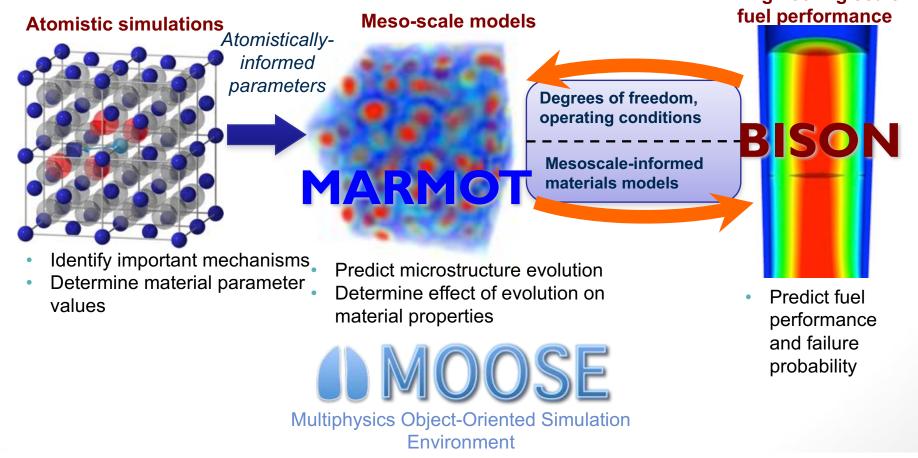


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NEAMS - Fuels Product Line (FPL)

- Empirical models can accurately interpolate between data, but cannot accurately extrapolate outside of test bounds
- <u>Goal</u>: Develop improved, mechanistic, and *predictive* models for fuel performance using hierarchical, multiscale modeling - applied to existing, advanced (including accident tolerant) and used fuel.



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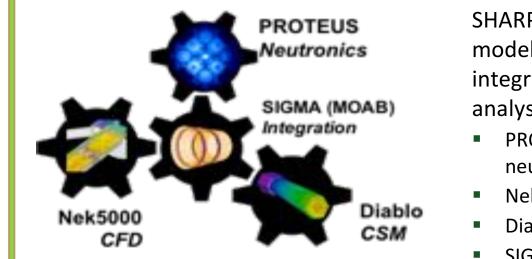
NEAMS - Reactors Product Line (RPL)

RPL Focus:

System Analysis Module (SAM)

Simulation-based High-fidelity Advanced Reactor Prototyping (SHARP)

- Pin-by-pin neutronics, T/H, CFD and CSM modules
- Capabilities to integrate these modules for multi-physics simulations
- Primarily targets leadership class computing platforms
- A range of reduced-order models/methods are also being pursued for more common computing platforms



SHARP is comprised of several physical modeling tools and capability to integrate these tools for multi-physics analyses

- PROTEUS/MC²-3/PERSENT for neutronics
- Nek5000 for CFD and T/H
- Diablo for structural mechanics
- SIGMA interface for multi-physics coupling



NEAMS - Integration Product Line (IPL)

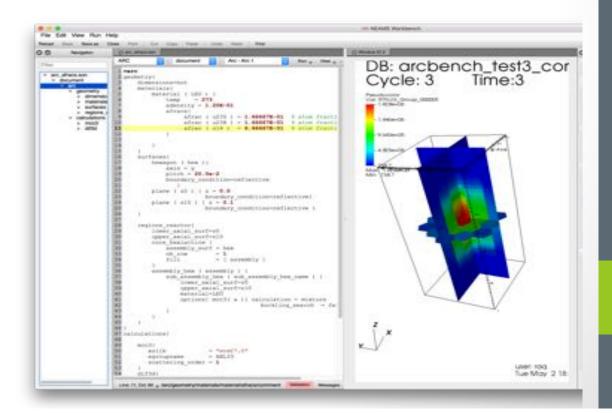
IPL

- NEAMS FPL and RPL provide many advanced tools, but they often require large computational resources, can be difficult to install, and require expert knowledge to operate.
- <u>Goal:</u> Respond to needs of design and analysis communities by integrating robust multi-physics capabilities and current production tools in easy-to-use versioned deployments that enable end users to apply high-fidelity simulations to inform lower-order models for the design, analysis, and licensing of advanced nuclear systems.

Desired attributes:

- Convenient access to high-fidelity simulations to inform lower-order models
- Common user interface
- Simplified common input to many codes
- Visualization

- Deployment
- Quality assurance
- Verification and validation
- Uncertainty quantification
- Application to design systems and recognized benchmarks

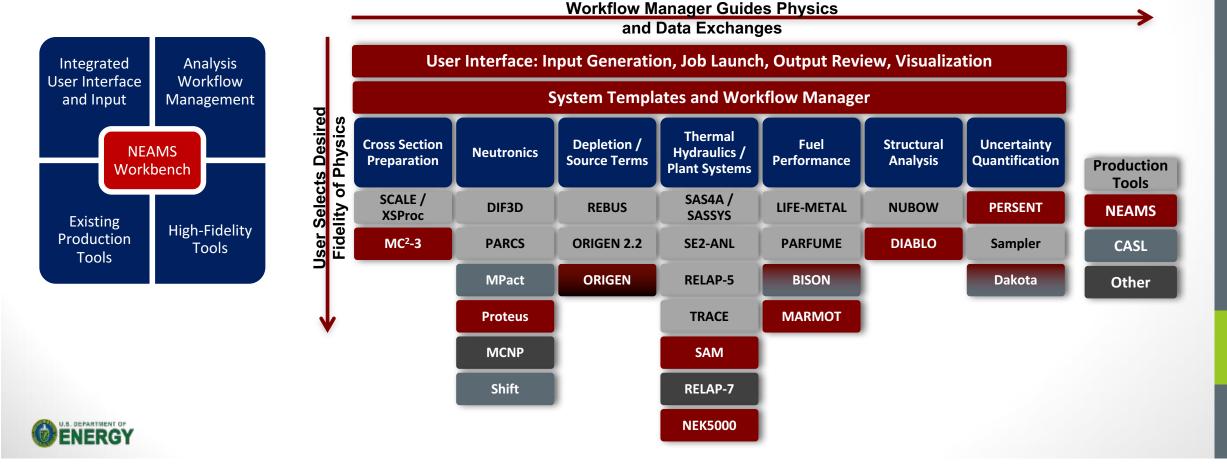




The NEAMS Workbench



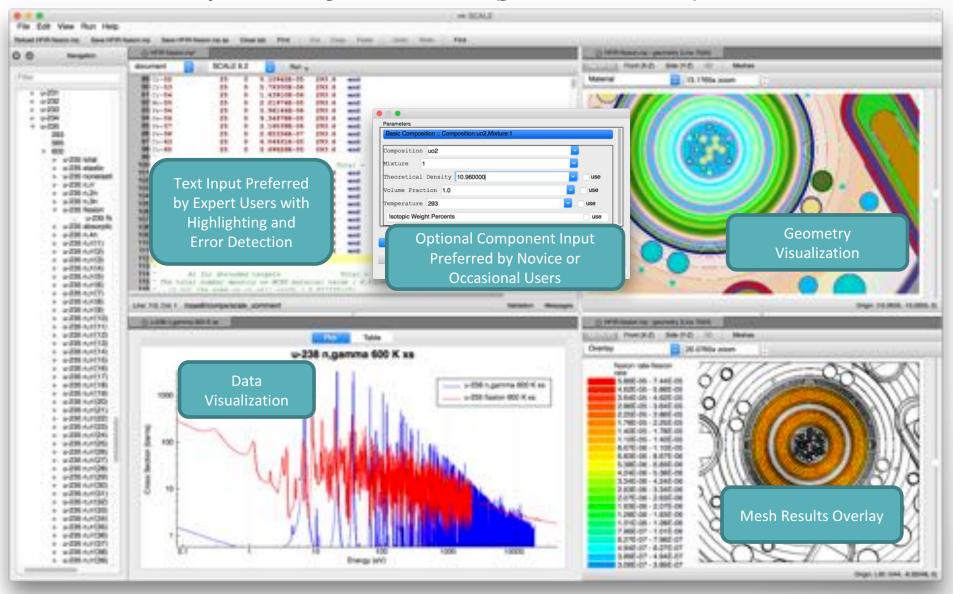
- Integrate current production tools with advanced tools under an integrated user interface and workflow manager
- Leverage modern user interface from SCALE, which is co-sponsored by NRC
- Leverage templating/input expansion engine from UNF-ST&DARDS and SCALE so that engineering parameters can be expanded to specific input for analysis with varying levels of fidelity in several codes
- Desire to integrate many tools for many types of systems and demonstrate use of high-fidelity simulations to inform lower order models





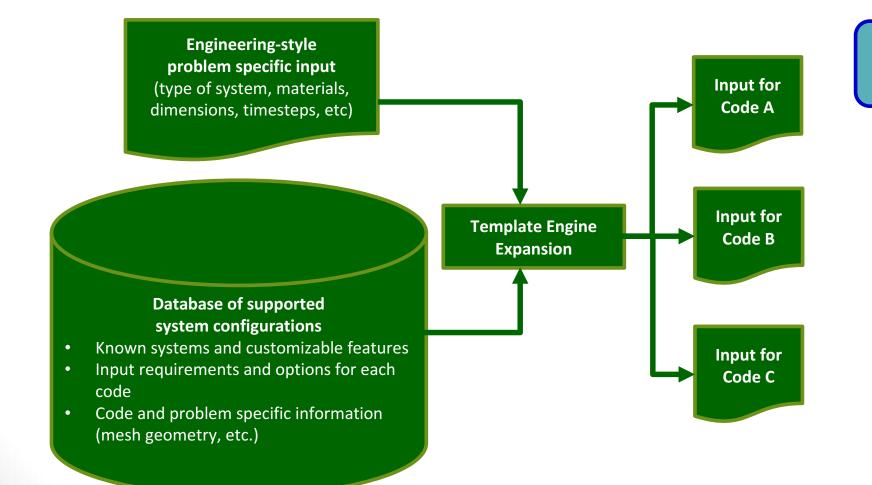
NEAMS – Workbench User Interface

Snapshot of Fulcrum (from SCALE)



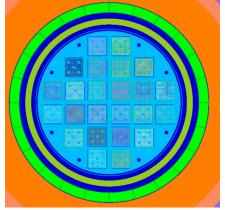
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Templated Common Input – Use with Many Codes



Similar to CASL VERA-IN concept; Leverages Template Engine used for UNF-ST&DARDS and SCALE

IPL



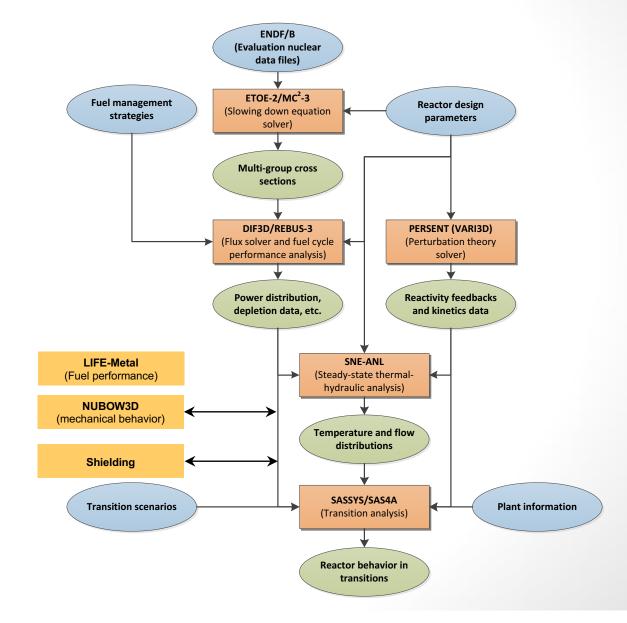


Workbench Integration of Legacy Codes: Advanced Reactor Codes (ARC)



ARC suite of codes developed at ANL with >30 years of experience:

- Highly efficient
- Good accuracy (validated)
- Different codes use:
 - Similar design information
 - Different input logic
- Scripts were developed by users to assist with input generation
- Difficult for new users to get started
- Limited user community

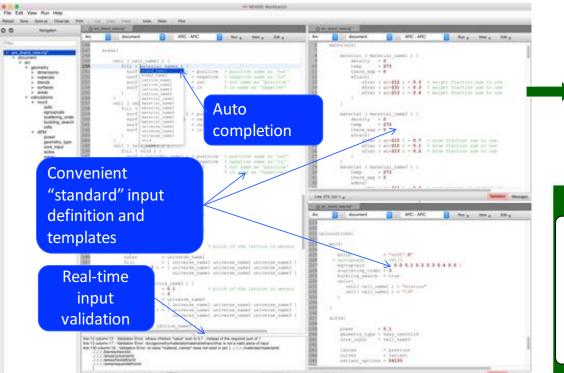


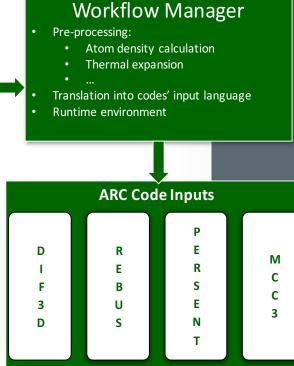


Workbench Integration of Legacy Codes: Advanced Reactor Codes (ARC)

IPL

- Convenient input structure based on MCNP logic:
 - Well known logic
 - Very flexible and compatible with a wide range of other codes (PROTEUS, MCNP, etc.)
- Developed in close collaboration with:
 - ARC code system users
 - Code developers
- Challenges:
 - Keep input simple/attractive while compatible with deterministic codes' specific options
 - Interpret complex models and translate for lower fidelity code inputs



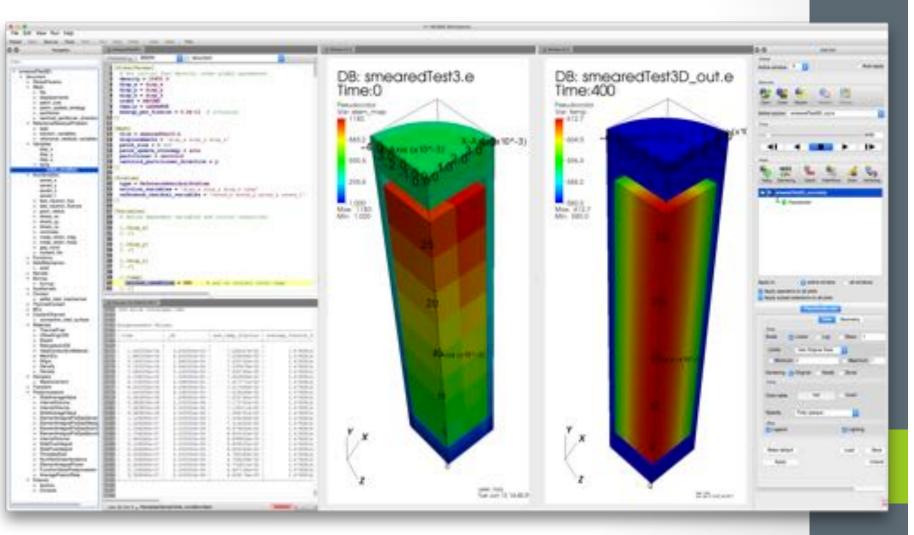






Workbench Integration of Modern Codes: MOOSE/BISON

- MOOSE applications easily enabled under Workbench with uniform input standards available through MOOSE
- Runtime updated to execute BISON
- MOOSE's input module updated to generate files needed by Workbench, even for new applications even when generated by external teams





Ongoing and Near-Term Code Integration Plans for the NEAMS Workbench

ТооІ	Application	Production Tool	NEAMS Tool	Integration Lead
BISON	Fuel performance		х	ORNL
MOOSE	General purpose multiphysics framework		х	ORNL/INL
Warthog	Multiphysics neutronics and fuel performance		Х	ORNL
ARC	Fast reactor analysis	х	Х	ANL
SCALE	Widely-used multipurpose neutronics and shielding analysis	х	x	ORNL
Dakota	Uncertainty quantification and model optimization	х	x	SNL/ORNL
Vislt	Mesh Visualization	х	х	LBNL
PROTEUS	Three-dimensional unstructured grid finite element neutron transport solver		x	RPI
MCNP	Widely-used Monte Carlo radiation transport code	x		RPI